

Per-Fix™ Polypropylene

#### Part No. 7205 Aerosol

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### **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Per-Fix™ Polypropylene

Manufacturer Product Number : 7205AAA, 7205AA, 7205A, 7205B, 7205C

1.2 Other Means Of Identification

Other Identifiers : Flaw Repair

### 1.3 Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance Or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

**Recommended Use** : Touch-up coating for molded plastic parts

Restrictions On Use : None Identified

1.4 Supplier Details

Manufacturer Details Supplier Details

Company Name : Chem-Pak Inc Chem-Pak Inc

Address : 242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 - United 242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 -

States

Phone Number : 304-262-1880 304-262-1880

Fax Number : 302-262-9643 302-262-9643

 Email
 : msds@chem-pak.com

 Website
 : http://www.chem-pak.com

### 1.5 24 Hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-255-3924 (Chem-Tel)

### **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification Of The Substance Or Mixture

Flammable Aerosols, Category 1 : Extremely flammable aerosol

Gases Under Pressure: Dissolved Gas : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 : Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 : Causes serious eye irritation
Carcinogenicity, Category 2 : Suspected of causing cancer

**Reproductive Toxicity, Category 2** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure, : Ma

Category 3, Narcosis

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated

Exposure, Category 2

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Hazardous To The Aquatic Environment — Acute

Hazard, Category 3

: Harmful to aquatic life

### 2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms









**United States** 

GHSO

GHS08

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes skin irritation.Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure. Harmful to aquatic life.



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### **Precautionary Statements**

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and eye protection. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call physician if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Dispose of contents/container to applicable regulations.

### 2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

### 2.4 Unknown Acute Toxicity

24% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)
25.05% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)
22.06% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

### **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1 Substance

Not Applicable

### 3.2 Mixture

Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Xylene	1330-20-7	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
N-Butane	106-97-8	5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Vm&P Naphtha	64742-89-8	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Isopropyl Acetate	108-21-4	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Toluene	108-88-3	1-5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401



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Ingredient	Cas Number	%	Classification*
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	112-34-5	1 - 5	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description Of First-Aid Measures

**General Measures** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact** : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Skin Contact** : Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

**Inhalation** : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-Aid Responder Protection : Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms And Effects, Both Acute And Delayed

Eye Contact: Eye irritation.Skin Contact: Irritation.

Ingestion : Due to being an aerosol, the product does not lend itself to ingestion. Should ingestion occur, it may

cause irritation to membranes of the mouth, thorat, and gastrointestinal tract resulting in vomiting and/or cramps. Aspriation of vomit into the lungs may cause inflammation, and possible chemical

pneumonitis, bronchopneumonia, or pulmonary edema.

**Inhalation** : Prolonged or repeated overexposure is anesthetic. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, or acute

nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion or death.

 ${\it Irritation of the mucous membranes, coughing, and dyspnea are also possible.}$ 

### 4.3 Indication Of Immediate Medical Attention And Special Treatment

 Notes To Physician
 : Treat symptomatically.

 Specific Treatments/Antidotes
 : No Information Available.

 Immediate Medical Attention
 : No Information Available.

### **SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

**Extinguishing Media** : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

### 5.2 Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical Or Mixture

**Decomposition Products** : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors.

Hazards From The Product : Extremely flammable. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container

bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to ignition an source.

### 5.3 Special Protective Actions For Fire-Fighters

**Protective Actions** : Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat

developed pressure.



**Protective Equipment** 

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

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**SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES** 

### 6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment And Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding

areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill.

: Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive

Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Responders : Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency

personnel above.

pressure mode.

### 6.2 Environmental Precautions

**Precautions** : Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental

contamination.

### 6.3 Methods And Materials For Containment And Cleaning Up

**Containment Procedures** : Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be

contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

 Cleanup Procedures
 : Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not

normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert

absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

 Other Information
 : Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture

contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should

never be incinerated or burned.

**Prohibited Materials** : Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### 7.1 Precautions For Safe Handling

**General Handling Precautions**: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of

vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can

to burst.

**Hygiene Recommendations** : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove

contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

### 7.2 Conditions For Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

**Storage Requirements** : Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources.

Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

**Incompatibilities** : Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

NFPA 30B Classification : This product is classified as a Level 3 Aerosol per NFPA 30B.

## **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1 Control Parameters

n-Butane (106-97-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1900 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm



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Propane (74-98-6)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Isobutane (75-28-5)		· ·
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	435 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	655 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	800 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	125 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	22 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
Toluene (108-88-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	37 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	560 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	500 ppm
, · · ·	5 ( 5) ( 1)	
BEI	Toluene in blood, Prior to last shift of workweek	0.02 mg/l



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Toluene (108-88-3)			
BEI	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis), End of shift (B)	0.3 mg/g creatinine	
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)			
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1350 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	400 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1400 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2000 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1400 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm	
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (112-34-5)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm	
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9	)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ррт	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	610 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	760 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-2	21-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	200 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1800 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	950 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1185 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	310 ppm	

### 8.2 Exposure Controls

**Engineering Measures** 

<sup>:</sup> Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.



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**Respiratory Protection** 

: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits. If respirators are needed, in the United States compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Skin Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Eye/Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Other Protective Equipment

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

### **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1 Physical Properties

**Boiling Point** > 57.00 °C Melting / Freezing Point > -98.10 °C Flash Point, Liquid > -10.00 °C Flash Point, Propellant -104.40 ℃ **Explosive Limits** LEL: 0.70 UEL: 24.60 vol % Autoignition Temperature, Liquid 227.80 °C Flammability Extremely Flammable Aerosol Density 0.759 g/cm3 Not Available Weight 6.334 lbs/gal Molecular Weight **Vapor Pressure** Not Available рΗ Not Available **Vapor Density** Not Available Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1) Not Available Viscosity Not Available **Partition Coefficient** Not Available **Odor Threshold** Not Available Refractive Index Not Available **Physical Form** Pressurized Product **Heat Of Combustion** Not Available Odor Paint-like **Water Solubility** Not Available Not Available Appearance / Color Clear, Colorless **Decomposition Temperature** 

### 9.2 Environmental Properties

**Percent Volatile** 92.51 % wt **VOC Regulatory** 671.70 g/L (5.61 lbs/gal) Percent VOC 77.17 % wt **VOC Actual** 585.74 g/L (4.89 lbs/gal) Percent HAP 20.42 % wt **HAP Content** 154.99 g/L (1.29 lbs/gal) **Global Warming Potential** 2.04 GWP **Maximum Incremental Reactivity** 1.9130 g O3/g **Ozone Depletion Potential** 0.00 ODP

### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1 Reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

### 10.2 Chemical Stability

**Stability** : This product is stable.

### 10.3 Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions

**Reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

### 10.4 Conditions To Avoid

**Conditions** : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks.

### 10.5 Incompatible Materials

Incompatibilities: Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Bases, Calcium Hypochlorite, Acids,Magnesium, Sulfuric Acid, Perchloric Acid, Chlorosulfuric Acid.



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### 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

**Products** : Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Methanol, Acetic Acid.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1.1 Information On Toxicological Effects		
n-Butane (106-97-8)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	658 mg/l/4h (Lit.)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	276000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
Propane (74-98-6)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	658 mg/l/4h (Lit.)	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 13023 ppm/4h (Cheminfo)	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12126 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	6350 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4720 mg/kg (Cheminfo)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	15380 mg/kg (Cheminfo)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	17.2 mg/l/4h (IUCLID)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	4000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12124 mg/kg (IUCLID)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)	
VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 8000 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg (External SDS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (External SDS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3400 ppm/4h (Lit.)	
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5620 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 18000 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	200 g/m³ (RTECS)	
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (112-34-5)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5660 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	2700 mg/kg (RTECS)	
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6970 mg/kg (Lit.)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000 - 32000 (ChemInfo)	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6750 mg/kg (RTECS)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 17490 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	50.6 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)	

### 11.1.2 Health Hazard Classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory Or Skin Sensitization** : Not classified



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Germ Cell Mutagenicity : Not classified

**Reproductive Toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Stot-Single Exposure** : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Stot-Repeated Exposure** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration Hazard** : Not classified

**Carcinogen Data** : The following ingredients are listed as known or suspected carcinogens:

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
ACGIH Category	A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

### 11.1.3 Information On The Likely Routes Of Exposure

Routes Of Exposure : Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.

### 11.1.4 Symptoms Related To The Physical, Chemical And Toxicological Characteristics

**Symptoms of Exposure** : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Confusion, Skin Irritation, Headache,

Dizziness, Narcosis, Drowsiness, Optical Nerve Damage, Chest Tightness, Mucous Membrane.

### 11.1.5 Delayed And Immediate Effects And Also Chronic Effects From Short And Long Term Exposure

Delayed Effects: No known delayed effects.Immediate Effects: No known immediate effects.Chronic Effects: No chronic effects identified.

 Target Organs
 : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated** : None identified.

### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 12.1 Ecotoxicity

**Ecology - general** : Harmful to aquatic life.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 fish 1	3.3 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	75.49 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	72 mg/l Green Algae - 14d
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 fish 1	4.2 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.4 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	9.68 mg/l Bacteria - 30min
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	4.6 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
Toluene (108-88-3)	
LC50 fish 1	5.8 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	10 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	6 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	
LC50 fish 1	450 - 600 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 fish 2	220 - 250 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	560 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	2300 - 3090 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	4300 mg/l Green Algae - 24hr
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (112-34-5)	
LC50 fish 1	1300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 100 mg/l Green Algae - 96hr



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Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	
LC50 fish 1	250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia 1	1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4) LC50 fish 1	265 mg/l Golden Orfe - 96hr

EC50 Daphnia 1	4150 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr
2.2 Ecological Properties	
n-Butane (106-97-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Log Pow	2.89 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Propane (74-98-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Not applicable (gas). Photodegradation in the air.
BCF fish 1	9 - 25 (BCF)
Log Pow	2.28 (Calculated)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Not applicable (gas).
BCF fish 1	20 - 52 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	20 - 52 (BCF)
Log Pow	2.8 (Experimental value; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.40 - 2.53 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.56 - 2.91 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	$3.1 \text{ g } O_2/g \text{ substance}$
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.44 - 0.816
BCF fish 1	14.1 - 24 (BCF)
Log Pow	3.15 - 3.3
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O₂/g substance (20d.)
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 q O <sub>2</sub> /q substance
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	45.4 (20 days)
BCF fish 1	1 (BCF; Other; 6 weeks; Oncorhynchus kisutch; Flow-through system; Salt water; Literature study)
BCF fish 2	15 - 79 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	4.68 (BCF)
Log Pow	3.15 (Experimental value; 3.6; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66; 2.71; Calculated value; Koc; PCKOCWIN v1.66; 517.8; Calculated value
Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.13 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69
BCF fish 2	90 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus; Static system; Fresh water)
1 0 -	2.72 (5

Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.13 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69
BCF fish 2	90 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus; Static system; Fresh water)
Log Pow	2.73 (Experimental value; Other; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

VM&P Naphtha (64742-89-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 94% / 28 days.
Log Pow	2.1
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 100% / 28 days.



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Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.293 q O₂/q substance
75 , ,	5 . 5
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.69 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.82 g O₂/g substance
BCF fish 1	30
Log Pow	0.73
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	0.778
Diethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (112-34-5	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.25 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.08 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.173 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.11
BCF fish 1	0.46 (BCF)
Log Pow	0.56 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability 70% / 28 days.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1511.8 mg/g
ThOD	1510 mg/g
BCF fish 1	< 1 (BCF)
Log Pow	0.18
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	0.68
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.26 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.67 q O <sub>2</sub> /q substance
ThOD	2.04 q O <sub>2</sub> /q substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.76 (Literature study)
BCF fish 1	1.8 (BCF)
Log Pow	0.98 - 1.3
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal

**Landfill Precautions** 

: Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

**Waste Disposal Of Packaging** 

: In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

: Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : \*\* DO NOT INCINERATE \*\* CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE \*\*.

## **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

Transportation Information	Ground Transportation (DOT)	Air Transportation (IATA)	Ocean Transportation (IMDG)
Identification Number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity
Hazard Class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging Group	None	None	None



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Limited Quantity	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marine Pollutant	No	No	No
Hazard Labels		2.1 - Flammable gas	

## **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1 Federal Regulations

**Trace Ingredient Disclosure** 

- : This product contains this ingredient at a trace amount. This ingredient is known to the State of California to cause cancer.
  - Cumene CAS #98-82-8 0.06524%

**TSCA Inventory** 

: All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

SARA 313 Reporting

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	10 - 30%
Ethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	1 - 5%
Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	1 - 5%
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	< 1%
Chlorobenzene	CAS-No. 108-90-7	< 1%
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	< 1%

**Applicable Federal Regulations** 

: One or more ingredients are regulated by other Federal Regulations.

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
CWA Reportable Quantity	100 lb
RCRA Code	U239
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
CWA Reportable Quantity	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard, Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard.
Toluene (108-88-3)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

### 15.2 State Regulations

**California Proposition 65** 

: This product contains, or may contain, substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm.

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
Cancer	Yes
No significant risk level (NSRL)	54



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Toluene (108-88-3)

Developmental Toxicity

No significant risk level (NSRL)

7000

State Right-to-Know Lists

: The following ingredients appear on one or more state Right-to-Know lists.

#### n-Butane (106-97-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Propane (74-98-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Isobutane (75-28-5)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Xylene (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Toluene (108-88-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### n-Butyl Methacrylate (97-88-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Isobutyl Methacrylate (97-86-9)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Precipitated Silica (112926-00-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**SDS Compliance** 

: This SDS complies with the below listed regulations only. For SDS that comply with other countries, please contact our Regulatory Department at msds@chem-pak.com.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012) 29 CFR 1910.1200

 ${\it Globally\ Harmonized\ System\ of\ Classification\ and\ Labeling\ of\ Chemicals\ (GHS)\ Revision\ 3}$ 

**Disclaimer Of Liability** 

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**Full text of H-statements** 

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Per-Fix™ Polypropylene

Harmful to aquatic life

H402

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#### H Code H Phrase H220 Extremely flammable gas H222 Extremely flammable aerosol H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H315 Causes skin irritation H319 Causes serious eye irritation H332 Harmful if inhaled H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness H351 Suspected of causing cancer H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Toxic to aquatic life H401